Instruction Manual

Model FP4000
Fiber Optic Strain Gage

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FIBER OPTIC STRAIN GAGE

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1. INTRODUCTION

Geokon’s FP4000 Strain Gages are built around Opsens’ (www.opsens.com), OSP Fiber Optic Strain Gage. Opsens’ new patent pending fabrication process ensures an exact definition of the gauge factor, making the FP4000 the most accurate fiber-optic strain gauge sensor in the industry.

The Model FP4000 Fiber Optic Strain Gages are designed for bonding to either steel or concrete surfaces or for embedment in concrete. They are particularly suitable for use in environments where it may be difficult to use conventional types of strain gages because of space considerations, high levels of electrical interference or where intrinsic safety is an issue. Measurements of dynamic events are also possible with these gages using the appropriate dataloggers, (see section X).

The Geokon FP4000 is highly suitable for smart structure research activities and long term monitoring in corrosive environment. Used for static or dynamic measurement, the FP4000 strain gauge delivers accurate and reliable measurement in high temperature, high Electromagnetic and Radio Frequency Interference fields (EMI/RFI), and nuclear and explosive environments.

Combined with Opsens’ WLPI signal conditioning technology (patent #7,259,862) and with the inherent advantages of fiber optics, the FP4000 delivers unprecedented repeatability and reliability in the most adverse conditions such as high levels of electromagnetic fields as well as high voltage and rapid temperature cycling conditions.

The FP4000 strain gages have a very low coefficient of thermal expansion and can be used to measure both mechanical and thermo-mechanical strains in a variety of different materials. They also are completely insensitive to transverse strains and temperature as opposed to fiber Bragg gratings.

The FP4000 is immune to EMI,RFI interference and voltage surges, (lightning). It can transmit signals through fiber optic cables over very long distances.

The FP4000 strain gage is available in 3 ranges: +/- 1000 microstrain, +/- 2500 microstrain and +/- 5000 microstrain.

For measuring temperatures the Geokon Model FP4700 can be installed alongside the strain gage.
2. CONSTRUCTION

Figure 1, The FP4000 Fiber Optic Strain Gage

The FP4000 is comprised of a miniature Fabry-Perot strain sensor embedded inside a composite carbon fiber laminate made of uniaxial fibers to form a highly stable sensor. A fiber optic cable, also embedded in the wafer connects the strain sensor to a portable readout instrument, (Model Picosens), or datalogger, (Model Prosens).

The version for bonding to steel has a roughened surface on the adhesive side while the version for embedding in concrete has roughened surfaces on both faces and scalloped edges for optimum keying into the concrete mix.

The fiber optic cable is a specially armored cable of a spiral steel construction which has high flexibility and provides excellent protection to the signal cable during installation.
3. INSTALLATION

3.1 Installation by bonding to steel, composite or concrete surfaces

The Geokon Model 4000 FP strain gage is designed to be epoxy bonded to various materials. The sensor itself is bonded between two uniaxial carbon fiber strips. These strips are, in turn, bonded to the substrate under study using different types of epoxy.

For bonding to steel, Loctite Model H4500 Speedbonder is recommended. The steel surface should be fresh and clean and the gage should be lightly clamped in place during the cure to maintain a thin glue line. For long term outdoor use the gage area should be covered with a water resistant mastic or paint to maintain the integrity of the area around the gage and the glue.

For bonding to composites such as epoxy and carbon fibers, Aerospace Composite Products E-Z LAM epoxy laminating resin is recommended. This is a two part mix that also requires light clamping. As with the Speedbonder the gage area should be protected from the weather. This resin can be used as an overcoat.

For bonding to concrete, Devcon Model 11800UW underwater putty is recommended. This material is a two part thixotropic epoxy putty that works very well in harsh environments. The concrete surface should be ground clean before applying the epoxy and the sensor should be lightly clamped in place during the curing.

Gage trimming. The length of the gage cannot be changed but the width can be trimmed down to as little as ½”. This can be done by sanding, being sure to take equal amounts from each side of the strip.

Thermal coefficients. The thermal coefficient of the gage is approximately -0.85 to -1.22 microstrain / deg C. The coefficient of the assembly on 4140 steel is 10.72 microstrain/deg C. For other materials it is recommended that a thermal test be conducted on a sample of the material under study to determine its free field thermal coefficient.

3.2 Cable Protection and Termination

The fiber-optic cable from the strain gages can be protected by the use of Model FP-1-3 3mm diameter flexible steel-spiral conduit, which can be supplied by Geokon.

Cables are supplied in customer specified lengths and are equipped with fiber-optic connectors. If cables are damaged and need splicing together the repair is not an easy task and special tools are required. These splicing kits are available from fiber-optic cable suppliers.
4. TAKING READINGS

4.1 The Opsens Picosens Portable Readout Box

The FP Fiber-optic Strain Gages are read by means of the Picosens readout Box.

The PicoSens is a compact and portable signal conditioner to be used with any of Opsens’ interferometric fiber optic sensors, i.e. the WLPI fiber optic sensors, for temperature, pressure, strain, and position measurements. At the heart of the PicoSens is the Opsens’ White Light Polarization Interferometry (WLPI) technology (patent #7,259,862) which provides a mean for making accurate and absolute measurements of the path length difference of any type of interferometric fiber optic sensors, whose difference varies according to the measurand of interest.

The PicoSens is equipped with a large visible LCD display and can be battery operated. It comes with a standard ± 5 V output and a RS-232 communication port for real-time data acquisition. The PicoSens can be controlled directly using the front-panel keypad or remotely using the standard RS-232 interface. A rugged casing with a removable rubber boot provides good mechanical protection against intensive handling in tough environments.

The PicoSens is compatible with all Opsens WLPI sensors hence providing a multi-purpose tool for measuring various parameters. With a 20 Hz sampling rate, a ± 0.003 % full scale resolution and a ± 0.01 % full scale precision the PicoSens delivers the performances needed for a wide range of critical measurement applications.

The strain gages plug directly into this box and the displayed output is in microstrain after the entry of gage factors supplied with the strain gages.

A full description of the Picosens readout box is provided in the Picosens User Manual supplied with the equipment.

4.2 Temperature Corrections

Temperature variations of considerable magnitude are not uncommon, particularly during concrete curing; therefore it is always advisable to measure temperatures along with the measurement of strain. Temperature induced expansions and contractions can give rise to real changes of stress in the steel, composite or concrete if the strain-gaged member is restrained in any way, and these stresses are superimposed on any other load related stresses. Temperatures can be measured using an Opsens Model OTG fiber-optic temperature sensor positioned next to the strain gage.
## APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

### Technical Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>FP4000-1.0</th>
<th>FP4000-2.5</th>
<th>FP4000-5.0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard Ranges</td>
<td>-1000 to +1000 μe</td>
<td>-2500 to +2500 μe</td>
<td>-5000 to +5000 μe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution</td>
<td>0.15 μe</td>
<td>0.30 μe</td>
<td>0.50 μe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gage Factor Accuracy¹</td>
<td>±3% F.S.</td>
<td>±3% F.S.</td>
<td>±10% F.S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Sensitivity</td>
<td>0.85 - 1.22 μe/°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transverse Strain Sensitivity</td>
<td>transverse strain insensitive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Operating Range²</td>
<td>-40°C to +250°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMI/RFI Susceptibility</td>
<td>complete immunity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable Length²</td>
<td>1.5 m (standard)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optical Connector</td>
<td>SC (standard)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal Conditioner Compatibility</td>
<td>all Opsens WLPI signal conditioners</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L × W × H</td>
<td>100 × 25 × 1 mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹The accuracy of the GSP sensors is determined by sample testing of controlled batches at the factory. The manufacturing technique results in the spans shown above and is confirmed by actual strain tests performed on samples from batch lots.

²Other ranges and cable lengths available on request.