

\_The World Leader in Vibrating Wire Technology

48 Spencer Street Lebanon, NH 03766, USA Tel: 603•448•1562 Fax: 603•448•3216 E-mail: geokon@geokon.com http://www.geokon.com

Instruction Manual

# Model FP4000 Fiber Optic Strain Gauge



No part of this instruction manual may be reproduced, by any means, without the written consent of Geokon, Inc.

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Geokon, Inc. assumes no responsibility for errors, omissions or misinterpretation. The information herein is subject to change without notification.

Copyright ©2009 by Geokon, Inc. (Doc Rev. A, Revision Date:05/03/2024)

#### **Warranty Statement**

Geokon, Inc. warrants its products to be free of defects in materials and workmanship, under normal use and service for a period of 13 months from date of purchase. If the unit should malfunction, it must be returned to the factory for evaluation, freight prepaid. Upon examination by Geokon, if the unit is found to be defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge. However, the WARRANTY is VOID if the unit shows evidence of having been tampered with or shows evidence of being damaged as a result of excessive corrosion or current, heat, moisture or vibration, improper specification, misapplication, misuse or other operating conditions outside of Geokon's control. Components which wear or which are damaged by misuse are not warranted. This includes fuses and batteries.

Geokon manufactures scientific instruments whose misuse is potentially dangerous. The instruments are intended to be installed and used only by qualified personnel. There are no warranties except as stated herein. There are no other warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for a particular purpose. Geokon, Inc. is not responsible for any damages or losses caused to other equipment, whether direct, indirect, incidental, special or consequential which the purchaser may experience as a result of the installation or use of the product. The buyer's sole remedy for any breach of this agreement by Geokon, Inc. or any breach of any warranty by Geokon, Inc. shall not exceed the purchase price paid by the purchaser to Geokon, Inc. for the unit or units, or equipment directly affected by such breach. Under no circumstances will Geokon reimburse the claimant for loss incurred in removing and/or reinstalling equipment.

Every precaution for accuracy has been taken in the preparation of manuals and/or software, however, Geokon, Inc. neither assumes responsibility for any omissions or errors that may appear nor assumes liability for any damages or losses that result from the use of the products in accordance with the information contained in the manual or software.

## CONTENTS

FIBER OPTIC STRAIN GAUGE			
1.	INTRODUCTION	1	
2.	CONSTRUCTION	.2	
3.	INSTALLATION	.3	
	3.1 INSTALLATION BY BONDING TO STEEL, COMPOSITE OR CONCRETE SURFACES		
4.	TAKING READINGS	.4	
	4.1 TEMPERATURE CORRECTIONS	.4	

## LIST of FIGURES, TABLES and EQUATIONS

FIGURE 1,	THE FP4000 FIBER OPTIC STRAIN GAUGE	
FIGURE2,	PICOSENS READOUT BOX	ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.

#### **1. INTRODUCTION**

Geokon's FP4000 Strain Gauges are built around Opsens' (<u>www.opsens.com</u>), OSP Fiber Optic Strain Gauge. Opsens' new patent pending fabrication process ensures an exact definition of the gauge factor, making the FP4000 the most accurate fiber-optic strain gauge sensor in the industry.

The Model FP4000 Fiber Optic Strain Gauges are designed for bonding to either steel or concrete surfaces or for embedment in concrete. They are particularly suitable for use in environments where it may be difficult to use conventional types of strain gauges because of space considerations, high levels of electrical interference or where intrinsic safety is an issue. Measurements of dynamic events are also possible with these gauges using the appropriate dataloggers, (see section X).

The Geokon FP4000 is highly suitable for smart structure research activities and long term monitoring in corrosive environment. Used for static or dynamic measurement, the FP4000 strain gauge delivers accurate and reliable measurement in high temperature, high Electro-Magnetic and Radio Frequency Interference fields (EMI/RFI), and nuclear and explosive environments.

Combined with Opsens' WLPI signal conditioning technology (patent #7.259.862) and with the inherent advantages of fiber optics, the FP4000 delivers unprecedented repeatability and reliability in the most adverse conditions such as high levels of electromagnetic fields as well as high voltage and rapid temperature cycling conditions.

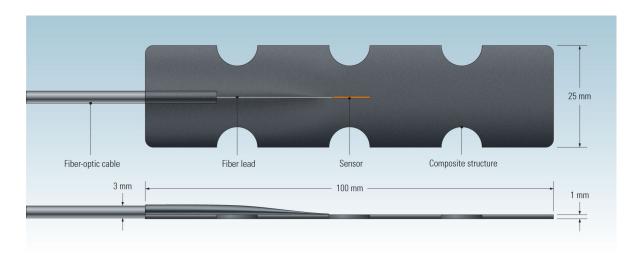
The FP4000 strain gauges have a very low coefficient of thermal expansion and can be used to measure both mechanical and thermo-mechanical strains in a variety of different materials. They also are completely insensitive to transverse strains and temperature as opposed to fiber Bragg gratings.

The FP4000 is immune to EMI,RFI interference and voltage surges, (lightning). It can transmit signals through fiber optic cables over very long distances.

The FP4000 strain gauge is available in 3 ranges: +/- 1000 microstrain, +/- 2500 microstrain and +/- 5000 microstrain.

For measuring temperatures the Geokon Model FP4700 can be installed alongside the strain gauge.

## 2. CONSTRUCTION



## Figure 1, The FP4000 Fiber Optic Strain Gauge

The FP4000 is comprised of a miniature Fabry-Perot strain sensor embedded inside a composite carbon fiber laminate made of uniaxial fibers to form a highly stable sensor, A fiber optic cable, also embedded in the wafer connects the strain sensor to a portable readout instrument, (Model Picosens), or datalogger, (Model Prosens).

The version for bonding to steel has a roughened surfaceon the adhesive side while the version for embedding in concrete has roughend surfaces on both faces and scalloped edges for optimum keying into the concrete mix.

The fiber optic cable is a specially armored cable of a spiral steel construction which has high flexibility and provides excellent protection to the signal cable during installation.

#### **3. INSTALLATION**

#### 3.1 Installation by bonding to steel, composite or concrete surfaces

The Geokon Model 4000 FP strain gauge is designed to be epoxy bonded to various materials. The sensor itself is bonded between two uniaxial carbon fiber strips. These strips are, in turn, bonded to the substrate under study using different types of epoxy.

For bonding to steel, Loctite Model H4500 Speedbonder is recommended. The steel surface should be fresh and clean and the gauge should be lightly clamped in place during the cure to maintain a thin glue line. For long term outdoor use the gauge area should be covered with a water resistant mastic or paint to maintain the integrity of the area around the gauge and the glue.

For bonding to composites such as epoxy and carbon fibers, Aerospace Composite Products E-Z LAM epoxy laminating resin is recommended. This is a two part mix that also requires light clamping. As with the Speedbonder the gauge area should be protected from the weather. This resin can be used as an overcoat.

For bonding to concrete, Devcon Model 11800UW underwater putty is recommended. This material is a two part thixotropic epoxy putty that works very well in harsh environments. The concrete surface should be ground clean before applying the epoxy and the sensor should be lightly clamped in place during the curing.

Gauge trimming. The length of the gauge cannot be changed but the width can be trimmed down to as little as  $\frac{1}{2}$ ". This can be done by sanding, being sure to take equal amounts from each side of the strip.

Thermal coefficients. The thermal coefficient of the gauge is approximately -0.85 to -1.22 microstrain / deg C. The coefficient of the assembly on 4140 steel is 10.72 microstrain/deg C. For other materials it is recommended that a thermal test be conducted on a sample of the material under study to determine its free field thermal coefficient.

#### 3.2 Cable Protection and Termination

The fiber-optic cable from the strain gauges can be protected by the use of Model FP-1-3 3mm diameter flexible steel-spiral conduit, which can be supplied by Geokon.

Cables are supplied in customer specified lengths and are equipped with fiber-optic connectors. If cables are damaged and need splicing together the repair is not an easy task and special tools are required. These splicing kits are available from fiber-optic cable suppliers.

## 4. TAKING READINGS

Devices compatible with this product are listed below. For further details and instruction consult the OpSense products webpage <u>https://opsens-solutions.com/products/</u>.

#### SIGNAL CONDITIONERS:



#### HandySens-W

The HandySens-W is a compact and portable signal conditioner equipped with a 5.0" touchscreen. This conditioner reads temperature, pressure, strain, and position measurements with a sampling rate of 250 Hz. This unit can be battery operated for remote monitoring projects.



FieldSens-W

The FieldSens-W is a compact and robust multi-channel signal conditioner. This conditioner reads temperature, pressure, strain, and position measurements with a sampling rate of 250 Hz (when 1 channel is enabled). Maximum number of modules is 32 with up to 12 channels per module. Modules can be stacked based on the number of sensors to be monitored (up to a maximum of 384 channels). The unit offers multiple interfaces for remote control and real-time data acquisition: EtherCAT®, 10/100 Base-T Ethernet, USB, RS-232 and CAN FD. FieldSens-W offers an open interface for easy integration with existing external data acquisition software. An optional portable touchscreen display is available for stand-alone configurations.

## 4.1 Temperature Corrections

Temperature variations of considerable magnitude are not uncommon, particularly during concrete curing; therefore it is always advisable to measure temperatures along with the measurement of strain. Temperature induced expansions and contractions can give rise to real changes of stress in the steel, composite or concrete if the strain-gauged member is restrained in any way, and these stresses are superimposed on any other load related stresses. Temperatures can be measured using an Opsens Model OTG fiber-optic temperature sensor positioned next to the strain gauge.

## **APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS**

### **Technical Specifications**

	FP4000-1.0	FP4000-2.5	FP4000-5.0	
Standard Ranges	–1000 to +1000 $\mu\epsilon$	–2500 to +2500 $\mu\epsilon$	–5000 to +5000 $\mu\epsilon$	
Resolution	0.15 με	0.30 με	0.50 με	
Gage Factor Accuracy <sup>1</sup>	±3% F.S.	±3% F.S.	±10% F.S.	
Temperature Sensitivity	0.85 - 1.22 με/°C			
Transverse Strain Sensitivity	transverse strain insensitive			
Temperature Operating Range <sup>2</sup>	-40°C to +250°C			
EMI/RFI Susceptibility	complete immunity			
Cable Length <sup>2</sup>	1.5 m (standard)			
Optical Connector	SC (standard)			
Signal Conditioner Compatibility	all Opsens WLPI signa	al conditioners		
$L \times W \times H$	100 × 25 × 1 mm			

<sup>7</sup> The accuracy of the OSP sensors is determined by sample testing of controlled batches at the factory. The manufacturing technique results in the spans shown above and is confirmed by actual strain tests performed on samples from batch lots. <sup>2</sup>Other ranges and cable lengths available on request.